wherein:

A is a group selected from

$$C = C$$
 and  $C = C$ 

X- is an anion with a single negative charge;

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> are each independently a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl optionally substituted with hydroxy or halogen;

R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, and R<sup>8</sup> are each independently hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyloxy, hydroxy, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, or halogen,

with the proviso that at least one of the groups R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, and R<sup>8</sup> is not hydrogen.--

--5. (Amended) The compound of formula 1 according to claim 4, wherein:

A is a group selected from

--6. (Amended) The compound of formula  $\underline{1}$  according to claim  $\underline{51}$ , wherein:

R1 and R2 are each methyl; and

R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, and R<sup>8</sup> are each independently hydrogen or fluorine.--

- --19. (Amended) A method of treating diseases in which anticholinergics may-provide a therapeutic benefit, comprising administering to a host in need of such treatment a compound of formula 1 according to claim 1.--
- --20. (Amended) A method of treating diseases in which anticholinergics may provide a therapeutic benefit, comprising administering to a host in need of such treatment a compound of formula 1 according to claim 2.--
- --21. (Amended) A method of treating diseases in which anticholinergics may provide a therapeutic benefit, comprising administering to a host in need of such treatment a compound of formula 1 according to claim 3.--

- --22. (Amended) A method of treating diseases in which anticholinergics may provide a therapeutic benefit, comprising administering to a host in need of such treatment a compound of formula 1 according to claim 4.--
- --23. (Amended) A method of treating diseases in which anticholinergics may provide a therapeutic benefit, comprising administering to a host in need of such treatment a compound of formula 1 according to claim 5.--
- --24. (Amended) A method of treating diseases in which anticholinergics may provide a therapeutic benefit, comprising administering to a host in need of such treatment a compound of formula 1 according to claim 6.--
- --31. (Amended) A compound of formula 4

wherein:

A is a group selected from

$$C = C$$
 and  $C = C$ 

R<sup>1</sup> is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl optionally substituted with hydroxy or halogen; and R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, and R<sup>8</sup> are each independently hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyloxy, hydroxy, CF<sub>3</sub>, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, or halogen,

with the proviso that at least one of the groups R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, and R8 is not hydrogen.--